

The future of internet

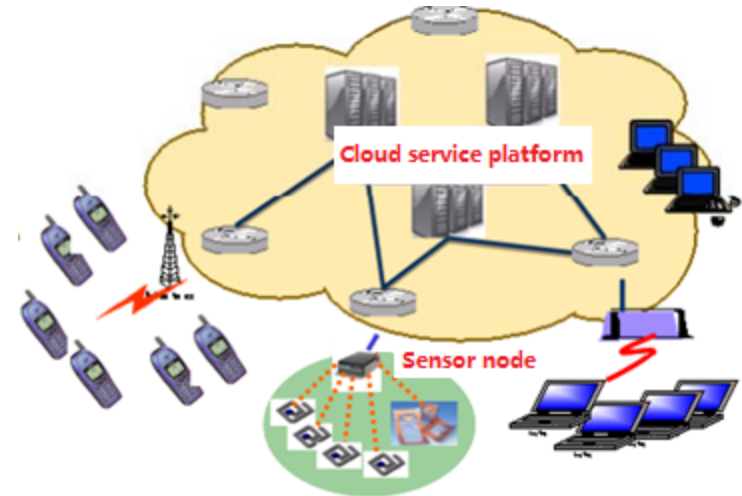
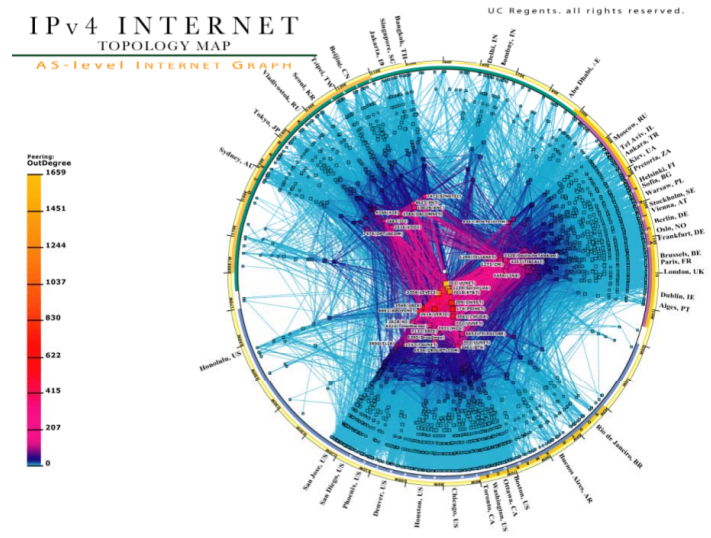


**Jiangsu Posts & Telecommunications
Planning and Designing Institute Co.LTD
March, 2014**

The length of speepch: 10 minutes

Target Audience: people who interest to the future development of the Internet

Internet - indispensable



Wireless communication、transmission and computing technology are developing rapidly

- Optical transmission、wireless communication、cloud computing、mobile computing、virtualization

Numerous new applications

- Internet of things、society internet、wideband video service、3DTV

The problems of IP-based internet become more and more severe, and a lot should be done to keep up with new developmets.

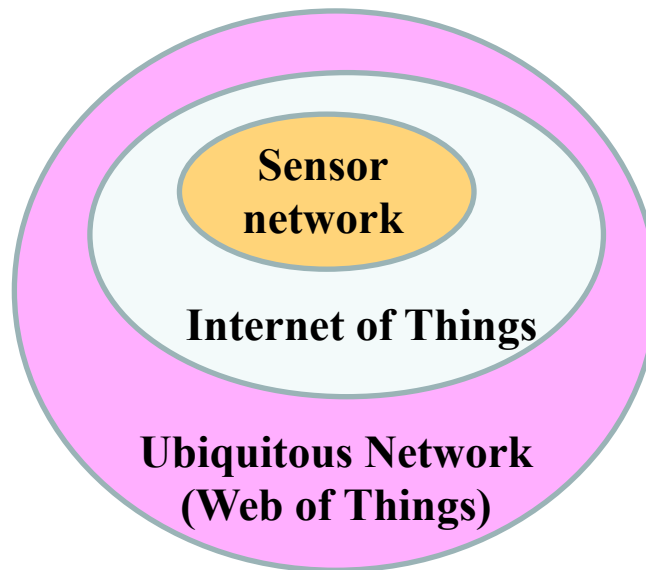
Internet developments—from sensor internet to internet of things and ubiquitous network

Commonly, the internet of things is constructed on traditional internet. In this situation, the internet of things is equivalent to VPN.

Global internet, while industry or regional characterized internet of thing.

Rather than network, internet of things is a kind of service or application, as it is the extension for internet application.

Sensor network uses sensors as the sensing element, and there is no need to be built on internet.



The Internet of things use sensors, RFID, GPS, CCD camera, infrared scanner, the two-dimensional code ect. as sensing elements. It connects things and human beings by Internet. Objects in the network are addressable, communication-capable and controllable.

Ubiquitous network treat objects as addressable, semantics, onfigerable resource. By connecting things and human beings, it provides information acquisition, transmission, storage, analysis, cognition services on-demand. Also, it emphasis natural man-machine interaction, integration of heterogeneous networks and intelligent application.

Major problems of internet

Network sustainability facing severe challenges	• Internet traffic explosively increases, and route table grows superlinearly; • Rate of flow growth is far higher than that of chip processing capacity (Moore's law) ; • IPV6 deployment will make the problem more serious.
More and more serious internet security problem	• People pay more attention to the network security due to 'Snowden' event ; • America issued 'international strategy for cyberspace' and 'action strategy for cyberspace'; • MIIT formulated and promulgated '12th Five Year Plan for internet industry'.
QoS security is uncontrollable	• Real-time network status information can not tested, cognized and interacted.; • Lack of OAM based on traffic engineering and resource management ; • Lack of self diagnosis, self repair and self recovery.
Green and energy-saving	• Promotion of equipment capacity and processing rate results in higher working frequency and more complex manufacture craftwork; • Immature integration technology leads to the increase of power consumption, resulting in power supply system and cooling system facing serious challenges; • According to incomplete statistics, network power consumption accounts for about 5.5% of total global consumption, and energy-saving becomes a technical problems that must be solved.

Problem solving : reborn

- ❑ Every technique system has its life cycle.
- ❑ The complexity of network applications is not concerned while IP network system designed. **So that the problems cannot be completely solved by improving existing construction.**
- ❑ The idea of reborn : **break free from IP, construct a fresh network system.**

Internet is a great success, while...

- Could the internet meets the needs of the future if we improve existing design by the method of increasment?
- Whats the needs for the internet and what the internent looks like in the next 10 to 15 years?
- The purpose of drawing a blueprint is looking further into the future.
- How to compsite a gloable internet if we start from the very beginning?
- Revolut for emancipating the mind instead of revolution.

Clark, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Goal for the next generation of internet-reliability, mobility, association, ubiquitous

Broadband, mobile, ubiquitous

Security, availability, reliability

**Security and
robustness**

**Secure
internet**

**Mobile
Pervasive
computing**

**Mobile
internet**

**Out physical
and
Cyber space**

**Internet of
things**

**Autonomous
networking**

**Ubiquitous
network**

Design new naming/addressing/identification systems and network management models out of the range of existing data-switching, packet-switching and circuit switching systems.

Capability:
High availability
and reliability
for data
access

Capability:
Available access
anytime and
anywhere

Capability:
Real time
access for
information from
physical world

Capability:
Access for dynamic
and challenging
environment
information

Greater efforts on developing network techniques –US/EU/JAPAN



US



FIND

- Research funding program aiming at establishing future Internet architecture
- Clean-slate approach
- Focusing on comprehensive research of network architecture design
- Many small projects are adopted and converged to a few full-scale architectures. Those architectures will be examined on GENI infrastructure.

GENI

GENI Initiative

- Succeeding to the result of Planet Lab
- Programmable
- Aiming at innovation by fundamental reconsideration of service architecture to overcome problems of current Internet
- Research scopes: Security, Mobile / Wireless, Sensor NW, etc.
- Trying to secure budget from MREFC
- International collaboration is also in a scope.



EU



FP7

- R&D funding program to support to secure

technological improvement and competitiveness of universities and companies in Europe

< Related projects >

1. The network of the future
2. Service and software architectures, Infrastructures and Engineering
3. Secure, Dependable and Trusted Infrastructure
4. Networked Media



GÉANT2

- Giga-bps R&D network covering all over Europe area, funded by EU committee.
- Interconnecting 34 NRENs in EU.
- Over 3,000 research organizations in Europe can share information about research activities.
- Migration to GEANT3 is planned in 2008; improving bandwidth and functionality.



Japan



AKARI

NICT promotes NWGN research activity "AKARI Architecture", aiming at implementation of NWGN via establishing new NW architecture / design and experiments. The concept paper of NWGN architecture was published in Apr 2007. NICT established Strategic Headquarter for NWGN R&D in Oct 2007 to build up strategic roadmap of R&D and to promote it.



JGN2 → JGN2plus

- R&D testbed network operated by NICT with nation-wide access points, utilized to R&D activities and experiments through collaboration of industry, academia and government.
- Contributing to human resource development in ICT area via experience of practical experiments.
- NICT modifies existing JGN2 network and starts operation of "JGN2plus" from next fiscal year, as a testbed for NWGN researches, R&D of NW technology, etc.

Major efforts- US GENI

NDN (Named Data Network)

- Content-centric, change from where to what.
- Locate content by “content name” instead of address.

XIA

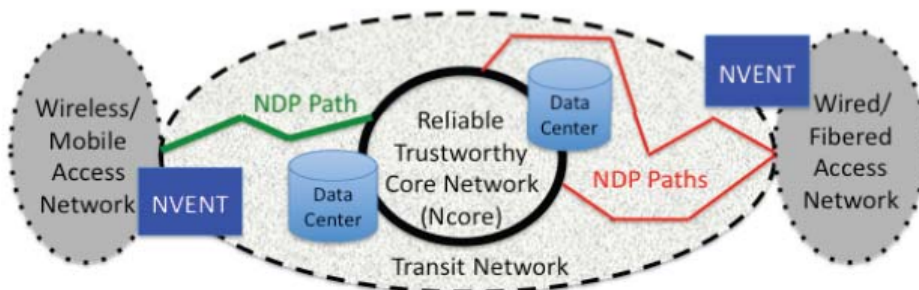
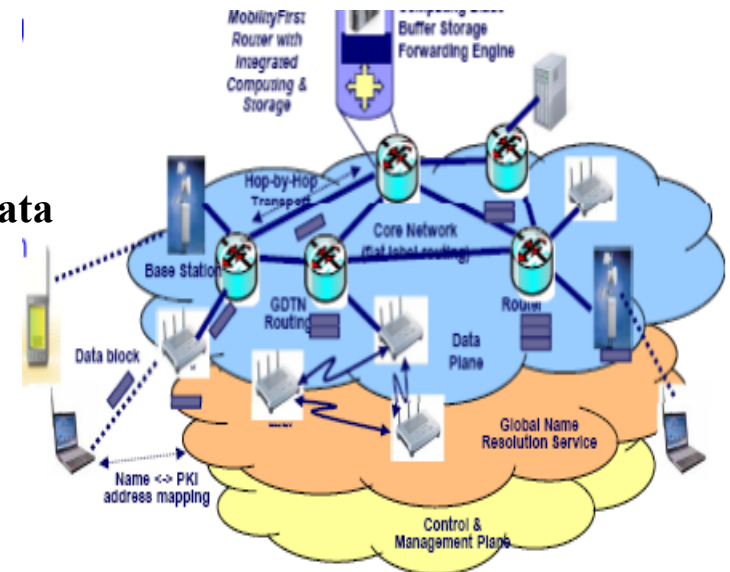
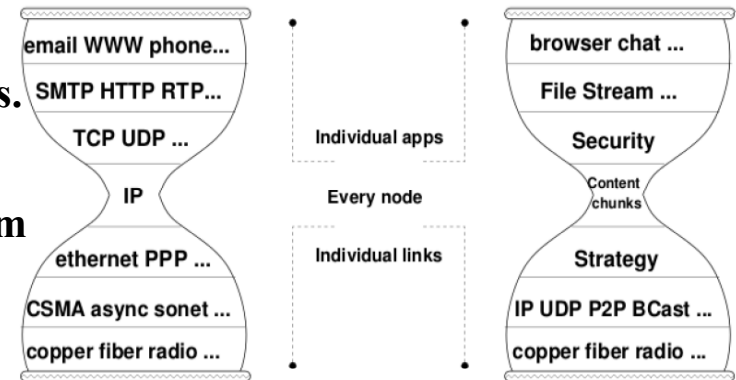
- Embedded security and reliable mechanism in system level.

Mobility First

- Separate lable with address, support mobile computing.
- Router nodes cache and shield link interruption problems.

Nebula

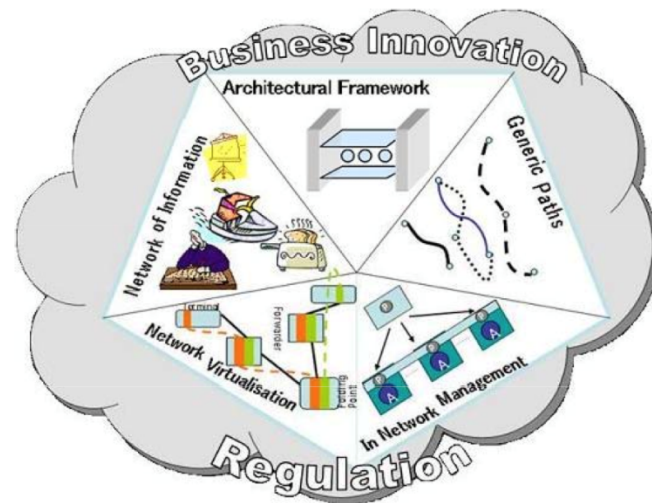
- Construct a reliable core network to connect all the data centers.



Major efforts - EU

FIRE (Future Internet Research and Experimentation) project

Main components of the research: construction of new network system and protocols, solutions for internet growing scale/complexity/mobility / security/permeability, verifying above features on physical and virtual network by running extensive tests.



FP7 Other Future Internet projects(100+)

2020 3D Media
4NEM
4WARD
ADAMANTIUM
AGAVE
ASPIRE
AUTOI
AVANTSSAR
AWISSENET
CASAGRAS
CHIANTI

CHORUS
COIN
CONTENT
CuteLoop
DICONET
E3
eCRYPT II
EFIPSANS
EIFFEL
eMOBILITY
EURO-NF

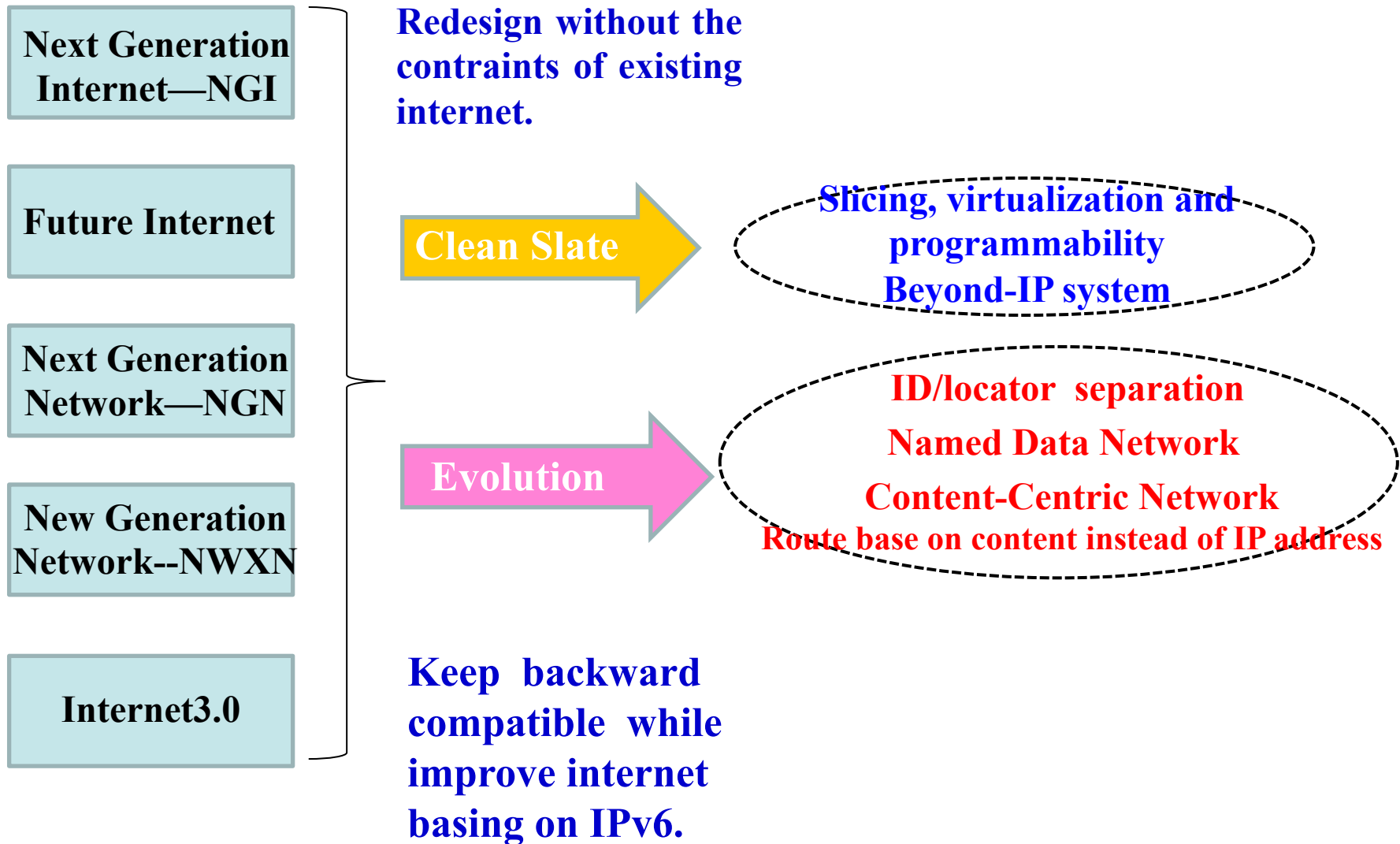
FAST
FORWARD
INTERSECTION
IRMOS
iSURF
m CIUDAD
MASTER
MobileWeb2.0
MOBITHIN
MOMENT
NAPA-WINE

N-CRAVE
NESSI 2010
OPEN
P2P NEXT
PanLab / PII
PERSIST
PetaMedia
PICOS
PRIMELIFE
PRISM
RESERVOIR

SAPIR
S-CUBE
SEA
SENDORA
SENSEI
SERVFACE
Service WEB 3.0
SHAPE
sISI
SMOOTH-IT
SOA4ALL

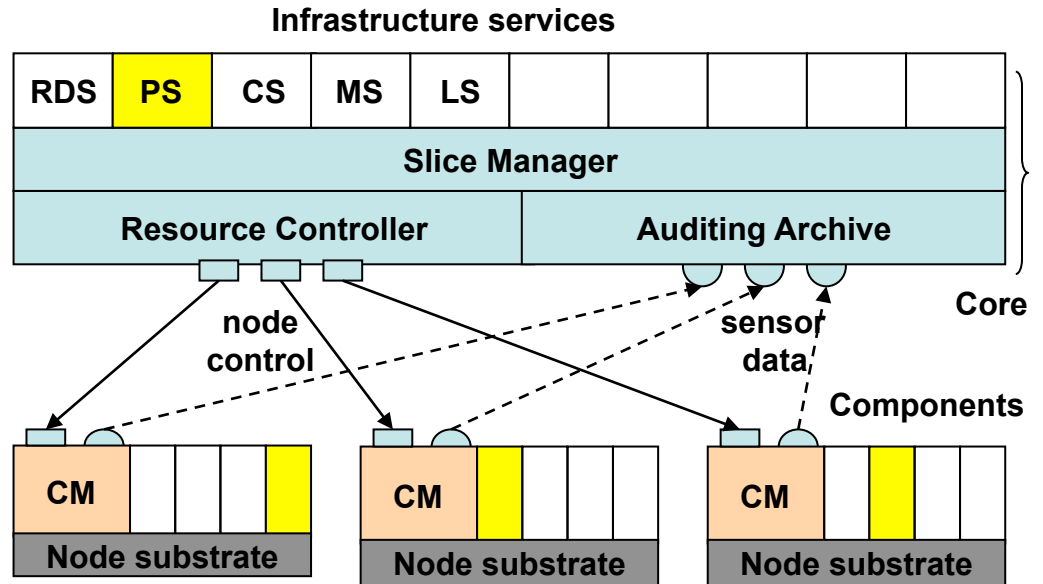
SOCRATES
SWIFT
TA2
TAS3
TECOM
THINK-TRUST
VICTORY
WOMBAT

Next generation of internet – improving or revolution ?

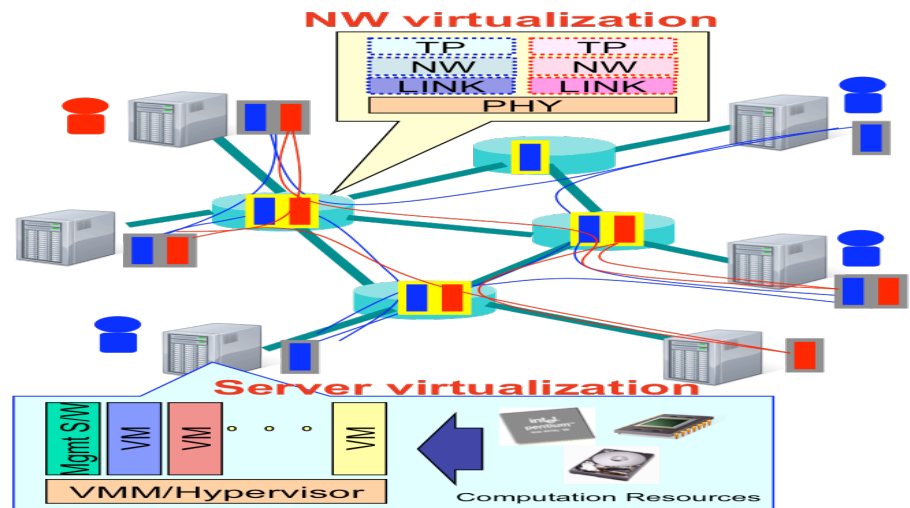


Slicing, virtualization and programmability

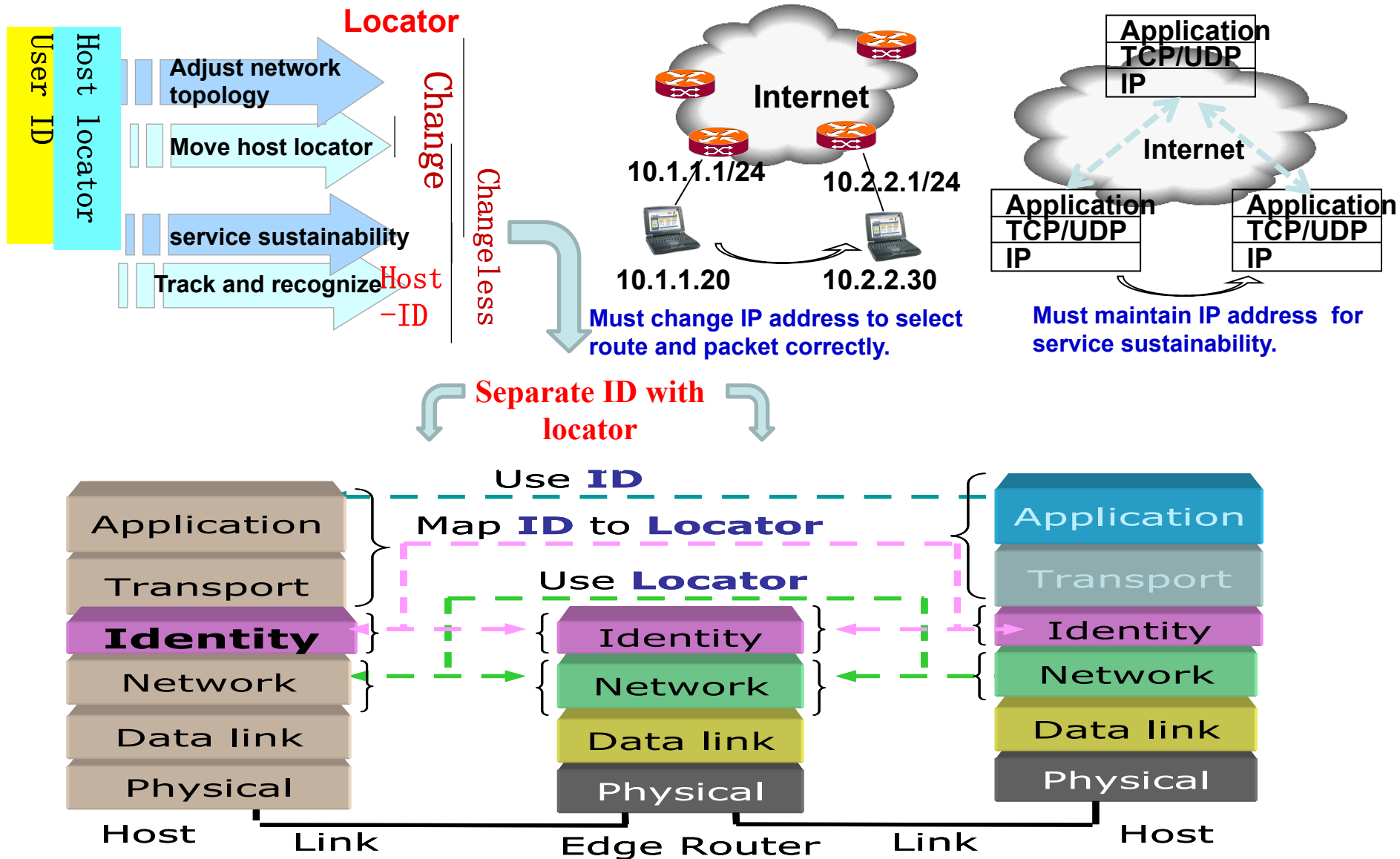
- US GENI and FIND project proposed a design idea of slicing, virtualization and programmability. The idea supports different services to share physical entity by logical separation, for the purpose of transmitted resource corresponding to QoS.



- Slicing
 - Embedding to physical layer
- Virtualization
 - Reusing system on public facility
- Programmability
 - Open to new designs

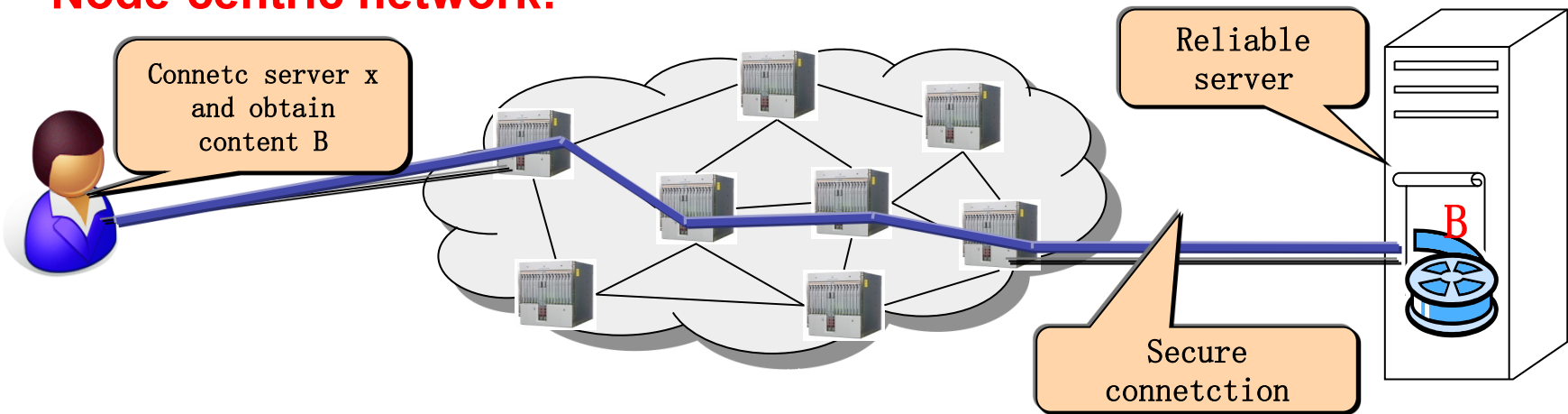


From ID/Locator combination to ID/Locator separation



From node-centric to content-centric

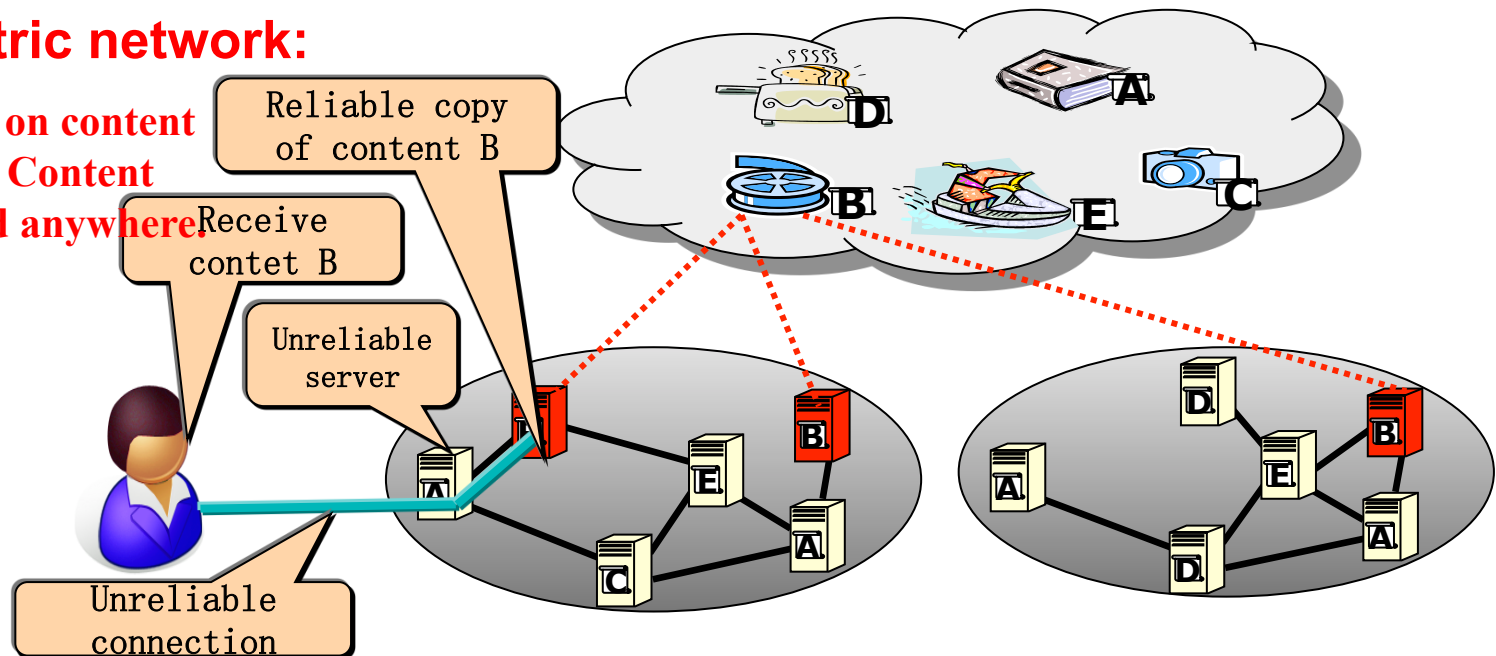
Node-centric network:



Content-centric network:

Selecting route base on content instead of IP adress. Content could be transmitted anywhere.

Content is focused instead of location



Related research in China

„ Reseach on new network system and mechanism – SOFIA (Service-Oriented Future Internet Architecture): 2012-2016

SOFIA Members:

CA'S ICT, BUPT, Tsinghua

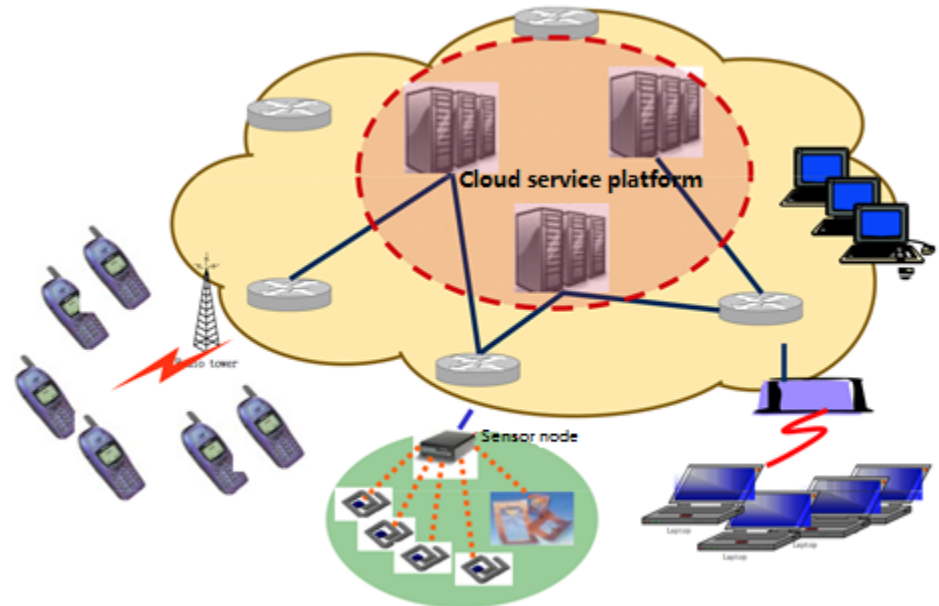
University, China Unicom, CNIC ,

ISCAS, Hunan University, PLA

University of Science and

Technology, CUPT, Xidian

University

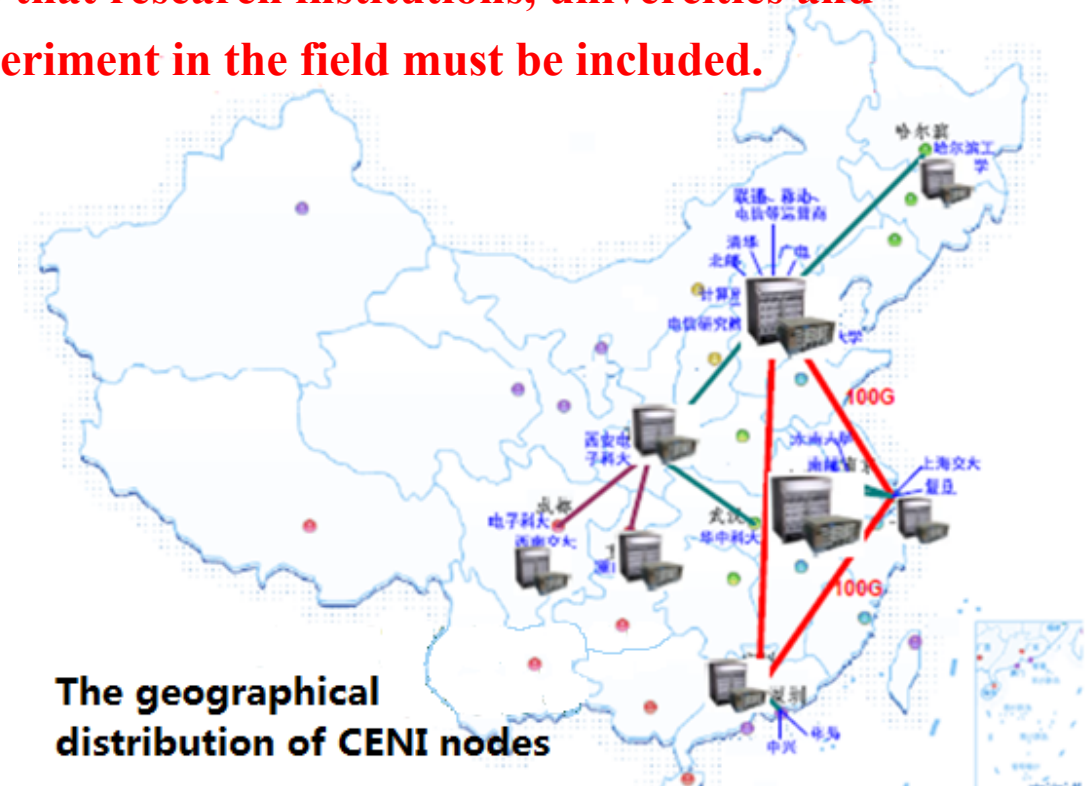


Network is not only an infrastructure of transmission and switching, but also a service pool (transmission, switching, storage, computing)

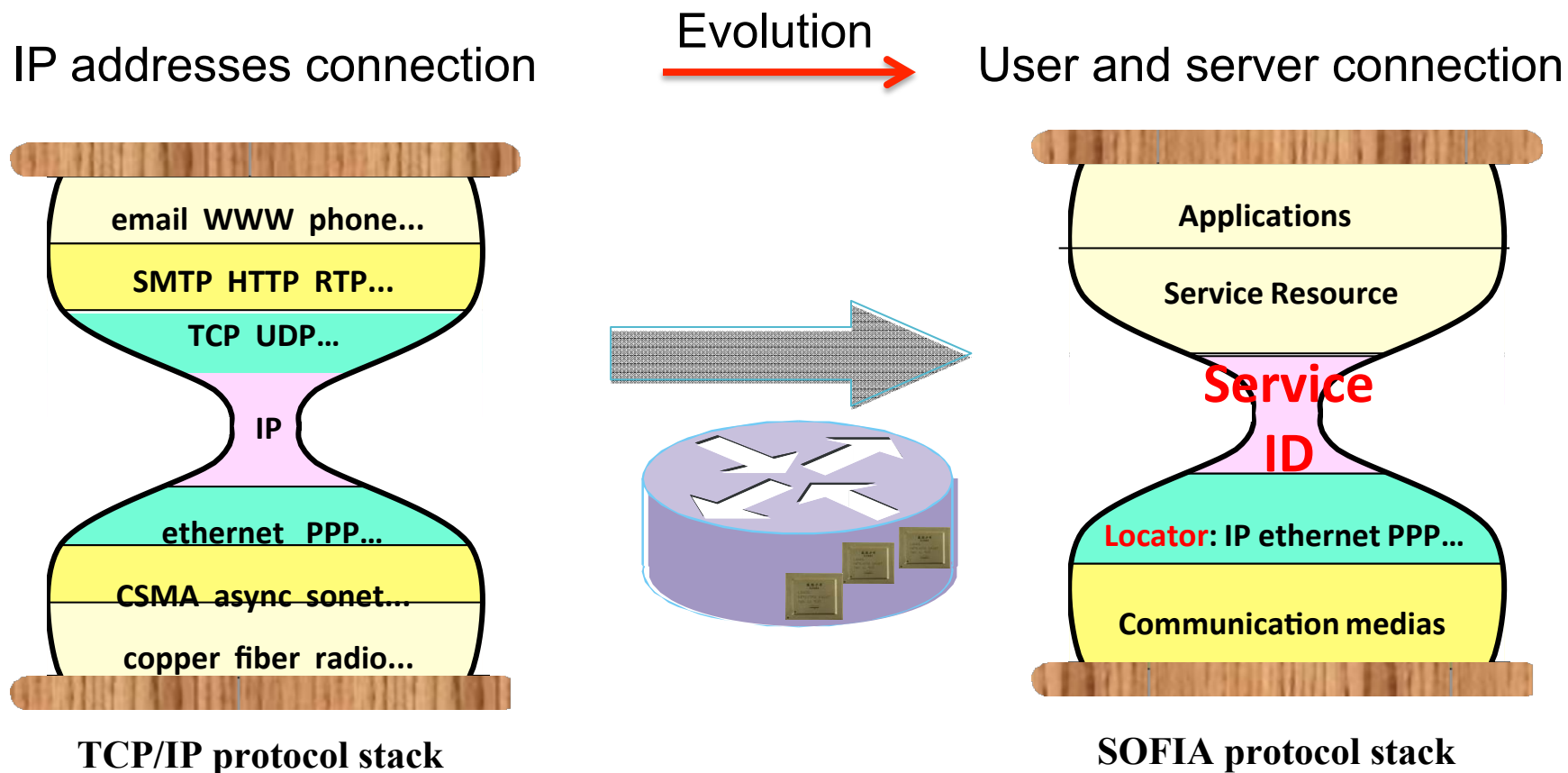
CENI: China Environment for Network Innovations

- At phase 1 twelve cities (Nanjing, Beijing, Shanghai, Guangzhou, Tianjin, Chongqing, Haerbing, Wuhan, Xi'an, Chengdu, Hefei, Shenzhen ETC.) are setted with switching nodes, optical infrastructure, quantum communication equipment and fibre circuits to compose a national network.
- The principle of city-choosing is that research institutions, univercities and companies participating the experiment in the field must be included.**

Platform:
open source 、
virtulized、
programmable、
reconfigurable



CENI : Service-Oriented Future Internet Architecture



SOFIA——Service-Oriented Future Internet Architecture



Characteristic and innovation of CENI platform

- 1、 **Virtualization** : providing computing/storage/communication resource virtualization in physical/link / network layers, meeting QoS and security level requirements, with the ability of parallel experiments
- 2、 **Programmability** : providing programmable interfaces in all layers, meeting innovation requirements in both control plane and data plane, more convenient and flexible in rapid protocol promotion, new protocol deployment, function expansion, service process customization.
- 3、 **Cognization and measure**: provide network performance measure/self sensing/accurate positioning at the chip level besides software measure, meeting several customized measure requirements and the uniform collection, analysis and storage of data.
- 4、 **Network management** : Resource management mechanism with combination of centralized and distributed, intelligent scheduling of network resource, nearby delivery and configuration of content resource
- 5、 **Integration and interworking**: supporting integration with optical network, spacial network and existing network, as well as interconnection and interworking test with GENI, FIRE, JGN+ and other test beds.
- 6、 **Green energy-saving** : fully consider the network energy-saving technology from chip/equipment/network levels, to achieve higher performance using lower power consumption.

With the innovations above, CENI platform will reach the advanced level in the world. Moreover, the platform is excellent in measure, integration and interworking, resource management, green energy-saving aspects.

Thanks